Instructions for Use Plate and Screw Fixation System MIDFACE

This instruction for use is not intended for distribution in the USA.



COMPANIES OF Johnson-Johnson

Instructions for Use

Plate and Screw Fixation System MIDFACE comprising: Compact Midface System MatrixMIDFACE System MatrixORBITAL System and

Universal Screw Removal Set System

Please read these instructions for use, the Synthes brochure "Important Information" and the corresponding surgical techniques Compact Midface Technique Guide (036.000.193), MatrixMIDFACE Technique Guide (036.000.938), MatrixOR-BITAL Technique Guide (036.000.496), and Universal Screw Removal Set Technique Guide (036.000.773) carefully before use. Ensure that you are familiar with the appropriate surgical technique.

The systems offer bone screws, plates and their instruments.

Standard(s):

All implants are offered either sterile or unsterile and individually packed (plates) or in packs of one or four (screws).

All instruments are offered unsterile. In addition the drill bits are offered also sterile.

All articles are packed with an appropriate package material: clear envelope for unsterile articles, clear envelop with plastic tubes for screwdriver blades and carton with window plus double sterile barriers: double clear blisters (sterile screws and sterile drill bits) or double clear envelopes (sterile plates)

Material(s)

Material(s): Plate Material: TiCP Standard: ISO 5832-2:1999 ASTM F 67:2006

Screw Material: TAN Ti6Al-4V Standard ISO 5832-11:1994 ASTM F1295:2005 Instrument Materials: Stainless Steel: Standard DIN EN 10088-1&3:2005 Aluminum: Standard ASTM B209M:2010 ASTM B221M:2013 DIN FN 573-3-2007 DIN 17611:2000 PTFE: FDA-Compliant

Intended use

The implants (plates and screws) and their instruments are intended for trauma repair and reconstruction of the craniofacial skeleton.

The Universal Screw Removal Set is intended for the removal of intact and damaged screws. It is not intended to be used in combination with a power tool.

Indications

Synthes MatrixMIDFACE System is indicated for use in trauma repair and reconstruction of the craniofacial skeleton.

MatrixORBITAL System is indicated for trauma repair and reconstruction of the craniofacial skeleton. Specific Indications: orbital floor fractures, medial orbital wall fractures and combined orbital floor and medial wall fractures

- Orbital floor fractures
- Medial orbital wall fractures
- Combined orbital floor and medial wall fractures

Compact systems are indicated for selective trauma of the midface and craniofacial skeleton, craniofacial surgery and orthognathic surgery of the midface.

- Compact 2.0 Combi is a combination of 2.0 Midface and 2.0 Mandible and is indicated for selective trauma of the craniofacial skeleton, mandible trauma and orthognathic surgery.
- Compact 2.0 LOCK is indicated for midface: fractures, reconstruction and osteotomies and for mandible trauma: trauma and orthognathic procedures.

Contraindications

The systems are contraindicated for use in areas with active or latent infection or insufficient quantity or quality of bone.

Side effects

As with all major surgical procedures, risks, side effects and adverse events can occur. While many possible reactions may occur, some of the most common include:

Problems resulting from anesthesia and patient positioning (e.g. nausea, vomiting, dental injuries, neurological impairments, etc.), thrombosis, embolism, infection, nerve and/or tooth root damage or injury of other critical structures including blood vessels, excessive bleeding, damage to soft tissues incl. swelling, abnormal scar formation, functional impairment of the musculoskeletal system, pain, discomfort or abnormal sensation due to the presence of the device, allergy or hyper-sensitivity reactions, side effects associated with hardware prominence, loosening, bending, or breakage of the device, mal-union, non-union or delayed union which may lead to breakage of the implant, reoperation.

Sterile device



Store implants in their original protective packaging, and do not remove them from the packaging until immediately before use.

Prior to use, check the product expiration date and verify the integrity of the sterile packaging. Do not use, if the package is damaged. Single-use device



Products intended for single-use must not be re-used.

Re-use or reprocessing (e.g. cleaning and resterilization) may compromise the structural integrity of the device and / or lead to device failure which may result in patient injury, illness or death.

Furthermore, reuse or reprocessing of single-use devices may create a risk of contamination e.g. due to the transmission of infectious material from one patient to another. This could result in injury or death of the patient or user.

Contaminated implants must not be reprocessed. Any Synthes implant that has been contaminated by blood, tissue, and/or bodily fluids/matter should never be used again and should be handled according to hospital protocol. Even though they may appear undamaged, the implants may have small defects and internal stress patterns that may cause material fatigue.

Precautions

Confirm that plate positioning allows for adequate clearance of nerves, tooth buds and/or tooth roots and any other critical structures.

Use the appropriate amount of screws to achieve a stable fixation.

Confirm that plate positioning allows for adequate clearance of nerves and any other critical structures.

Irrigate thouroughly to prevent overheating of the drill bit and bone.

The slider is used strictly for intraoperative use only; do not leave it in situ.

Avoid contouring of the implant in situ that may lead to implant malposition and/ or posterior cantilever effect.

The lateral anterior part of the plate is intentionally prebent higher than the orbital rim anatomy to allow free plate movement during plate positioning. The lateral anterior part can be further contoured to match patient anatomy.

Excessive and repetitive bending of the implant increases the risk of implant breakage.

Instrument tips may be sharp, handle with care.

Drilling speed should never exceed 1800 rpm. Higher speeds can result in thermal necrosis of the bone and increased hole diameter, and may lead to unstable fixation.

Always irrigate during drilling.

Combination of medical devices

Synthes has not tested compatibility with devices provided by other manufacturers and assumes no liability in such instances.

Drill bit(s) is (are) combined with power tools.

Magnetic Resonance environment

Unless stated otherwise, devices have not been evaluated for safety and compatibility within the MR environment. Please note that there are potential hazards which include but are not limited to:

- Heating or migration of the device

- Artifacts on MR images

CAUTION

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Treatment before device is used

Synthes products supplied in a non-sterile condition must be cleaned and

steam-sterilized prior to surgical use. Prior to cleaning, remove all original packaging. Prior to steam-sterilization, place the product in an approved wrap or container. Follow the cleaning and sterilization instruction given by the Synthes brochure "Important Information".

Special operating instructions

In three-wall fractures involving the lateral wall, in addition to the preformed orbital plate an orbital implant must be used (e.g. Synthes orbital mesh plate). Preformed orbital plate:

a. Position the lateral edge of the plate along the inferior orbital fissure. Since the implant is anatomic and preformed, it should be positioned in the same location for every patient. The orientation of the implant does not need to change based on the anatomy of the fracture. Place the plate on the stable bony contour.

b. Test for impingement: A forced duction test must be completed to ensure unrestricted lateral and medial movement of the globe.

c. Placement on the posterior ledge should be confirmed intraoperatively.

Orbital retractor: Make an angled bend (red line) to allow the hand position to rest conveniently and away from the surgical view on the patient's forehead. Twisting of the bent end can further improve or facilitate the handling.

MatrixMIDFACE screws: If a pilot hole is desired, use the appropriate 1.1 mm diameter MatrixMIDFACE drill bit for drilling up to 8 mm length and the 1.25 mm diameter MatrixMIDFACE drill bit for drilling 10–12 mm length.

Do not alter the bend in the prebent plates to achieve more than a 1 mm adjustment in either direction.

An exact match is not required when using locking screws, because plate stability is not dependent on plate-to-bone contact when screws are locked.

While manipulating the bone fragment with the Threaded Reduction Tool, avoid excessive bending force on the instrument, as this may cause the tip of the Threaded Reduction Tool to break. If this occurs, the tip must be explanted using a burr to remove the bone surrounding the tip.

Threaded Reduction Tool: If pre-drilling is preferred, drill a hole into bone fragment using a 1.8 mm drill bit.

Threaded Reduction Tool: Drill guides must be used to protect the soft tissue while drilling.

Processing/reprocessing of the device

Detailed instructions for processing implants and reprocessing reusable devices, instrument trays and cases are described in the Synthes brochure "Important Information". Assembly and disassembly instructions of instruments "Dismantling multipart instruments" can be downloaded from http://www.synthes.com/reprocessing

Additional device-specific information



LOT Lot or batch number



Manufacturing date



0123 Notified body



Caution, see instructions for use

CE 0123

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